

# OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_1 for KIT\_AURIX\_TC234\_TFT

Oscilloscope over DAS using OneEye

AURIX™ TC2xx Microcontroller Training  
V1.0.0



[Please read the Important Notice and Warnings at the end of this document](#)

## Scope of work

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**Demonstrate how to implement the OneEye oscilloscope over the DAS interface.**

After configuring the OneEye DAS interface, a OneEye oscilloscope is created with two signals. The signals are updated and sampled every millisecond. OneEye is used to visualize the signal values.

# Introduction

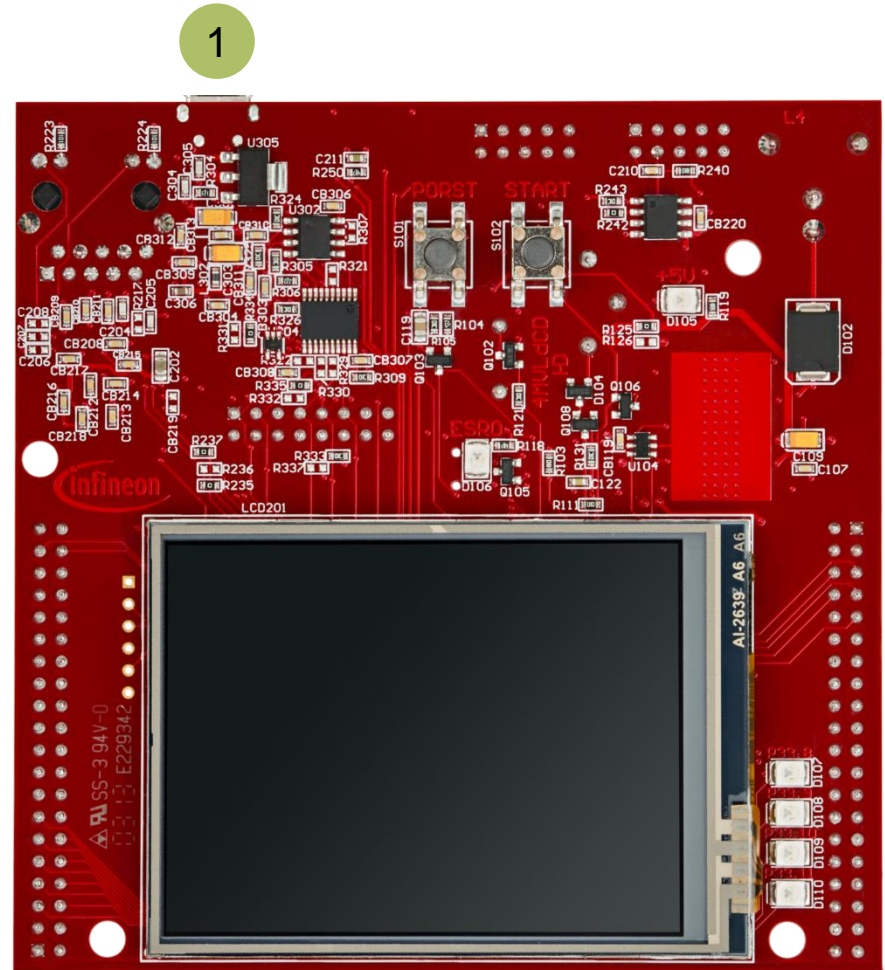
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- › **OneEye** is a GUI that enables the creation of interactive Graphical User Interface. Graphical elements can be drag from a toolbox and drop onto the GUI. The behavior of the created GUI can be customized. Different communication interfaces like UART, Ethernet, CAN, DAS can be used to interact with the embedded system
- › The **DAS** (Device Access Server) can be used in line with Infineon Microcontroller Starter Kits, Application Kits and DAP MiniWiggler to access the micro controller resources
- › **Recommendation:** It is recommended to go through some of the **basic tutorials** listed in the help embedded in OneEye (Menu: Help -> OneEye help). This enables a quicker ramp-up in the OneEye concept and ensure a nice journey with OneEye

# Hardware setup

This code example has been developed for the board KIT\_AURIX\_TC234\_TFT\_AC-Step.

The board should be connected to the PC through the USB port 1



# Implementation - AURIX

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## Configuring the OneEye Oscilloscope

A OneEye oscilloscope (*lfx\_Osci*) is a special object that is recognized by OneEye. It enables streaming of data and controls the oscilloscope state.

The OneEye oscilloscope is initialized with *lfx\_Osci\_init()*.

The *autoAddChannels* parameter enables to automatically add channels for each created oscilloscope signal. The sample period (*samplePeriod*) is set to 1ms and provides OneEye information about sample timing. The *triggerMode* is set to automatic, note that this value can be changed from the OneEye oscilloscope interface later.

The *lfx\_Osci.h* file can be found in the Libraries\OneEye directory.

## Adding signals to the oscilloscope

Oscilloscope signals are mainly pointers that the oscilloscope can use for data sampling. The signals are added using *lfx\_Osci\_addSignal()*. The function takes as parameter the signal **name** displayed by the oscilloscope, the signal **type** which informs the oscilloscope how to read the pointer value and a **source** pointer to the data. The last parameter corresponds to the **q format** used in case of fix point data, or 0 if not used.

## Starting the oscilloscope

The oscilloscope is started with *lfx\_Osci\_start()*.

# Implementation - AURIX

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## Configuring the signal generator

A signal generator is used to provide the user with some value to read / write. The signal generator does nothing more than incrementing two signals, **signalA** and **signalB**, stored in the structure **g\_signalGenerator** up to a maximum value before resetting them.

The initialization of the signal generator is done with **initSignals()**.

## Running the signal generator and the oscilloscope

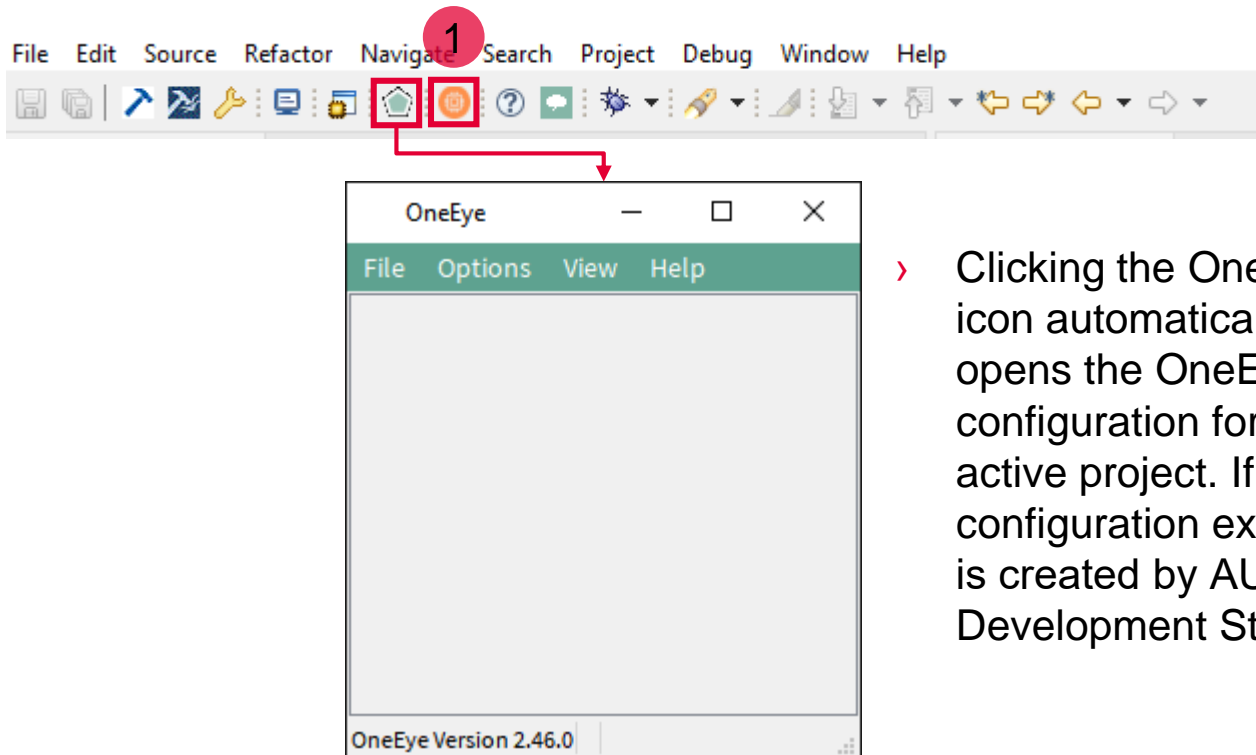
The signal generator is executed in the background loop every 1ms with **computeSignals()**. For that a **deadline** variable is initialized with **getDeadline()** and periodically updated with **addTTime()** to obtain the 1ms period.

The oscilloscope is run in the same background loop with **lfx\_Osci\_step()**. This function handles the triggering, and sampling of data.

**Note:** the call to **lfx\_Osci\_step()** can be moved to an interrupt service routine if required by the application use case.

# Run and Test

- > After code compilation, flash the device using the Flash button **1** to ensure that the program is running on the device
- > For this training, the OneEye application is required for visualizing the values. OneEye can be opened inside the AURIX™ Development Studio using the following icon:



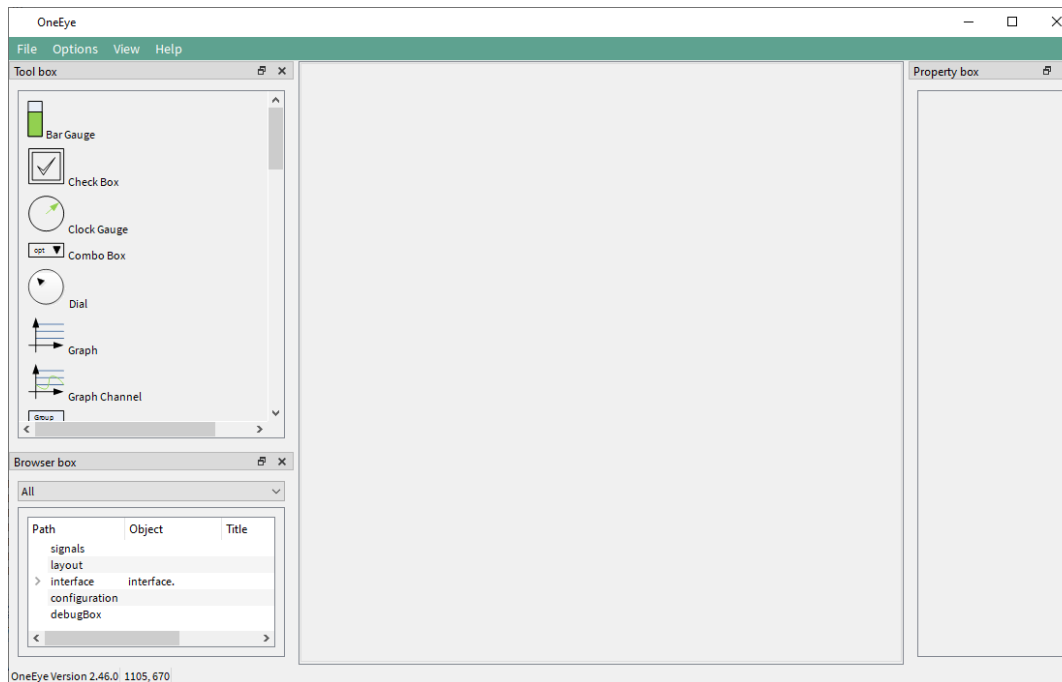
- > Clicking the OneEye icon automatically opens the OneEye configuration for the active project. If no configuration exists, it is created by AURIX™ Development Studio

# Implementation - OneEye

In this training, the OneEye configuration is provided inside the Libraries folder. The following steps are needed to configure the oscilloscope from a brand-new configuration.

## Setup OneEye for editing

Select the OneEye menu **“Options -> Edit mode”** (if not already checked) to enable the edit mode. Select the OneEye menu **“View -> Browser box”**, **“View -> Property box”**, **“View -> Tool box”** (if not already checked) to display the browser, property box, and tool box.



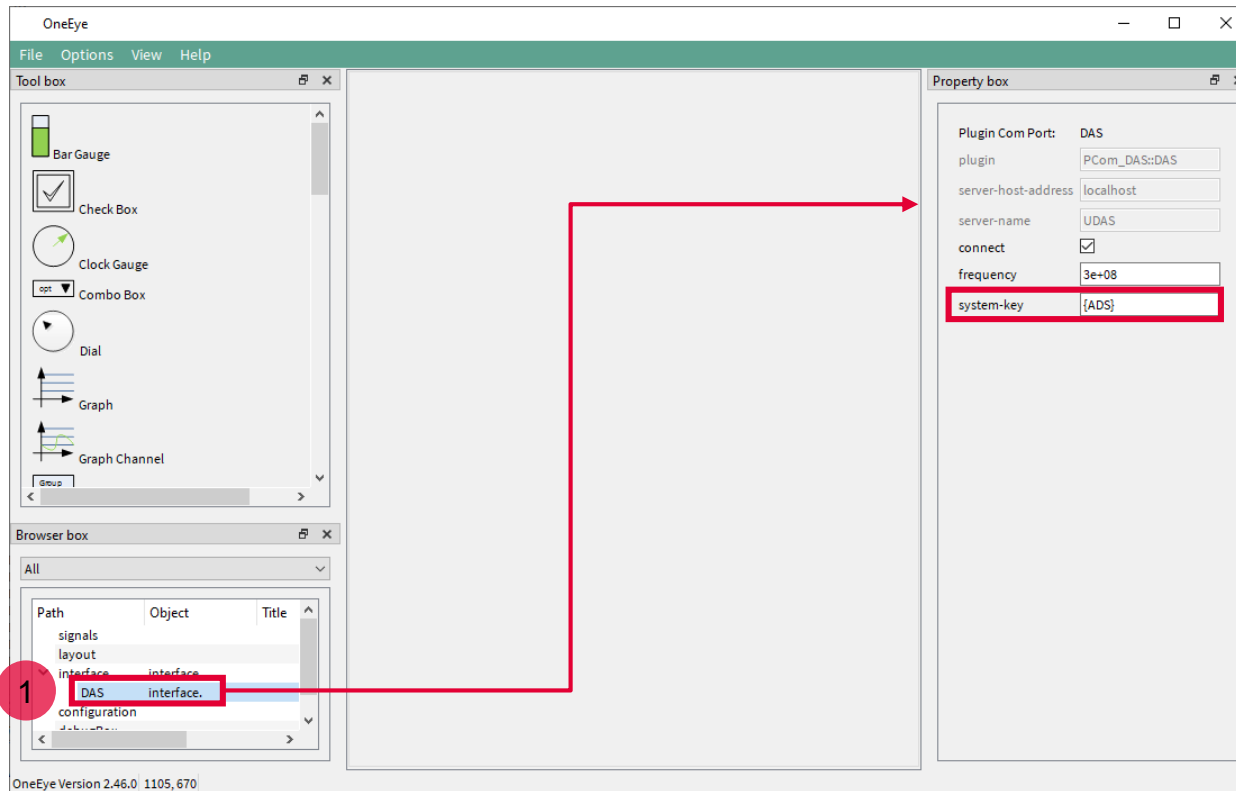


# Implementation - OneEye

## Configuring the DAS interface

When the OneEye configuration is created by ADS, it is already setup with a DAS interface. Select the DAS interface in the Browser box **1**.

Notice the “system-key” **{ADS}** that enables the connection to the device in parallel with the ADS debugger.



# Implementation - OneEye

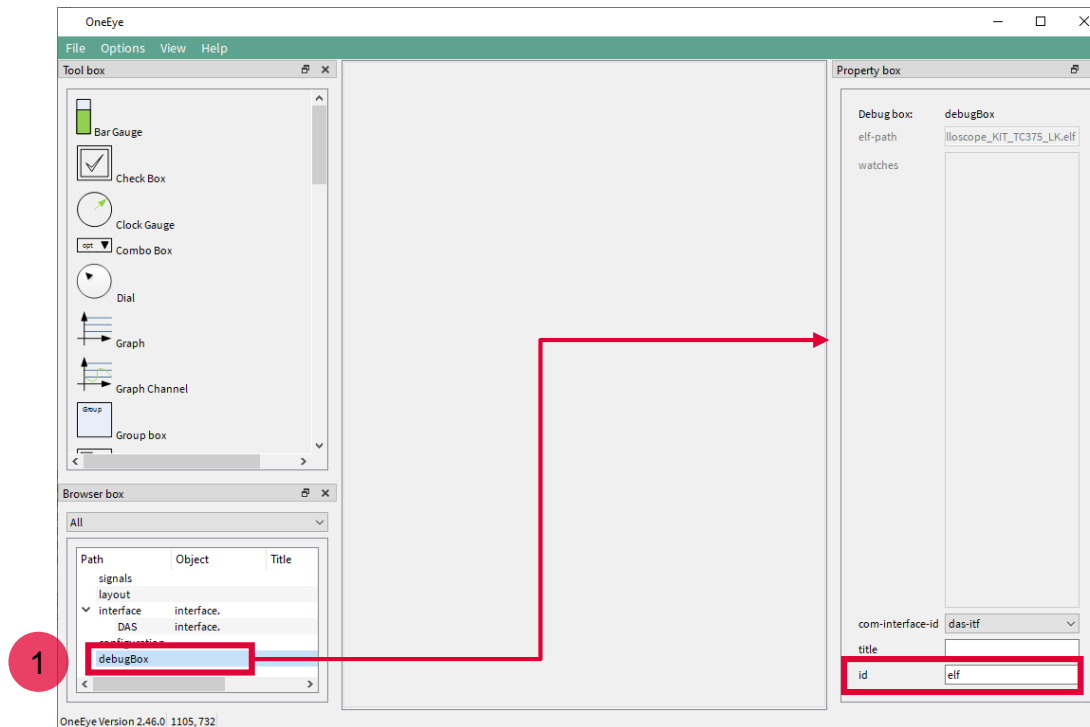
## Create a debug box to get access to variables from the .elf file

A debugBox item is already setup by default when ADS creates the OneEye configuration, preconfigured with the project .elf file path.

Select the DAS interface in the Browser box **1**.

Set the id property to “elf”, which enables to group variables into the signal tree later.

**Note:** this value is not set by default by ADS.



# Implementation - OneEye

## Open the debug box viewer and connect to the device

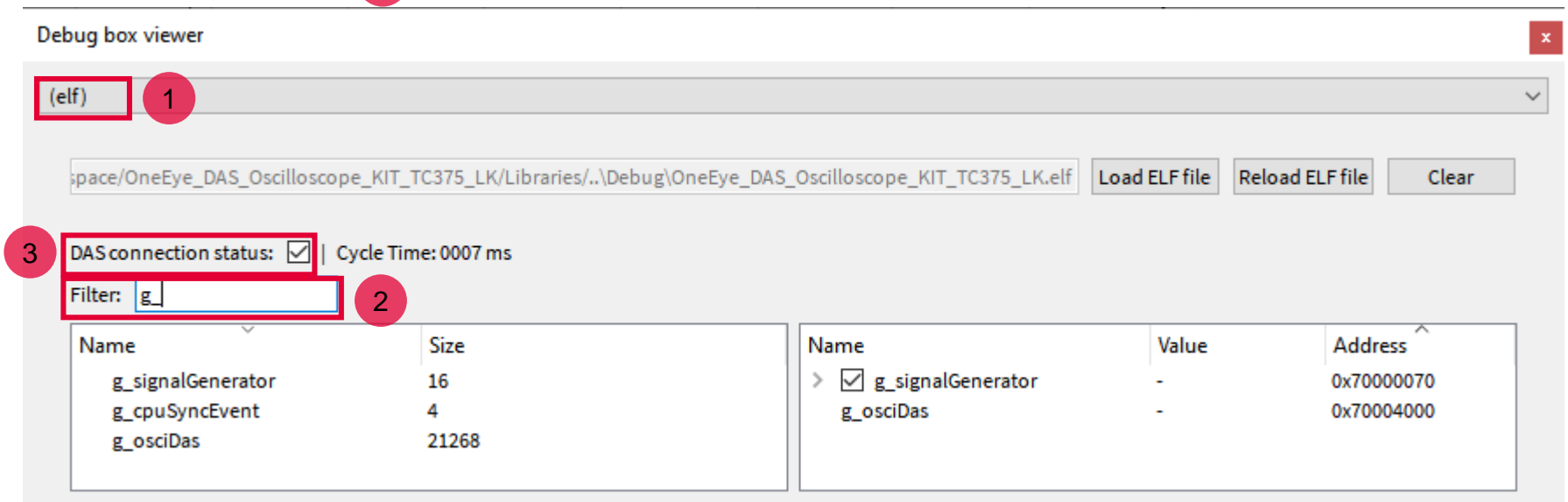
Select the OneEye menu “**View -> Debug box viewer**” (if not already checked) to display the debug box.

Select the debug box with the id “(elf)” **1** if not yet selected by default.

Note that the debug box enables the selection of the .elf file to be used to get information about the variables.

The **Filter** field **2**, enables to filter variables by name. E.g. in this example, entering “g\_” will filter for global variables.

To enable the connection with the microcontroller and have read / write access to variables, check the “**DAS connection status**” box **3**.



The screenshot shows the 'Debug box viewer' window. At the top, a dropdown menu is set to '(elf)' (annotated with 1). Below it, a text field contains the path 'space/OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_KIT\_TC375\_LK/Libraries/./Debug/OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_KIT\_TC375\_LK.elf', with buttons for 'Load ELF file', 'Reload ELF file', and 'Clear'. A 'DAS connection status' checkbox is checked (annotated with 3), and the 'Cycle Time' is 0007 ms. A 'Filter' text field contains 'g\_' (annotated with 2). Below the filter are two tables:

Name	Size
g_signalGenerator	16
g_cpuSyncEvent	4
g_osciDas	21268

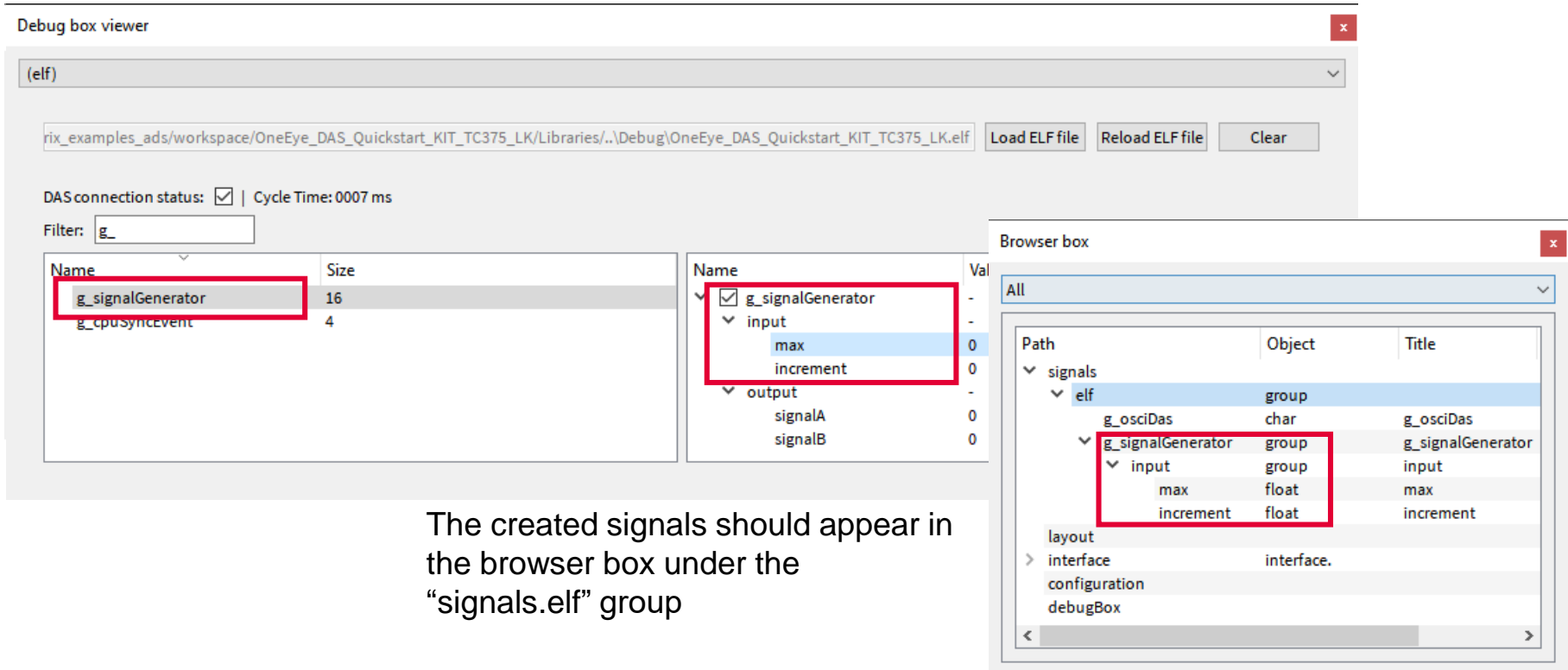
Name	Value	Address
> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g_signalGenerator	-	0x70000070
g_osciDas	-	0x70004000

# Implementation - OneEye

## Create signals for signal generator input parameters

In the debug box, search for the ***g\_signalGenerator*** variable, right click on it and select “**Add watch on: g\_signalGenerator**”. The watch should appear on the right side of the debug box. Watches are periodically polled for new values on the microcontroller.

Expand the ***g\_signalGenerator*** item on the right and right-click on the **max** and **increment** variables to create two signals with the option “Create signal for: ...”



The screenshot shows the 'Debug box viewer' and 'Browser box' windows. In the 'Debug box viewer', the 'g\_signalGenerator' variable is highlighted in the left pane, and its 'input' sub-variables 'max' and 'increment' are highlighted in the right pane. In the 'Browser box', the 'g\_signalGenerator' group is expanded, and the 'input' sub-group is highlighted, showing the 'max' and 'increment' variables with their respective data types (float) and titles.

The created signals should appear in the browser box under the “signals.elf” group

# Implementation - OneEye

## Create signals for the oscilloscope

In the debug box, search for the **g\_osciDas** variable, right click on it and select “**Create oscilloscope watch on: g\_osciDas**”. The watch should appear on the right side of the debug box **1**. Watches are periodically polled for new values on the microcontroller.

A signal is also automatically created to access the oscilloscope **2**.

Debug box viewer

(elf)

space/OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_KIT\_TC375\_LK/Libraries/./Debug/OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_KIT\_TC375\_LK.elf Load ELF file Reload ELF file Clear

DAS connection status:  Cycle Time: 0007 ms

Filter:

Name	Size
g_signalGenerator	16
g_cpuSyncEvent	4
g_osciDas	21268

**1**

Name	Object	Title
> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g_signalGenerator	group	g_signalGenerator
<input type="checkbox"/> g_osciDas	char	g_osciDas

**2**

Browser box

All

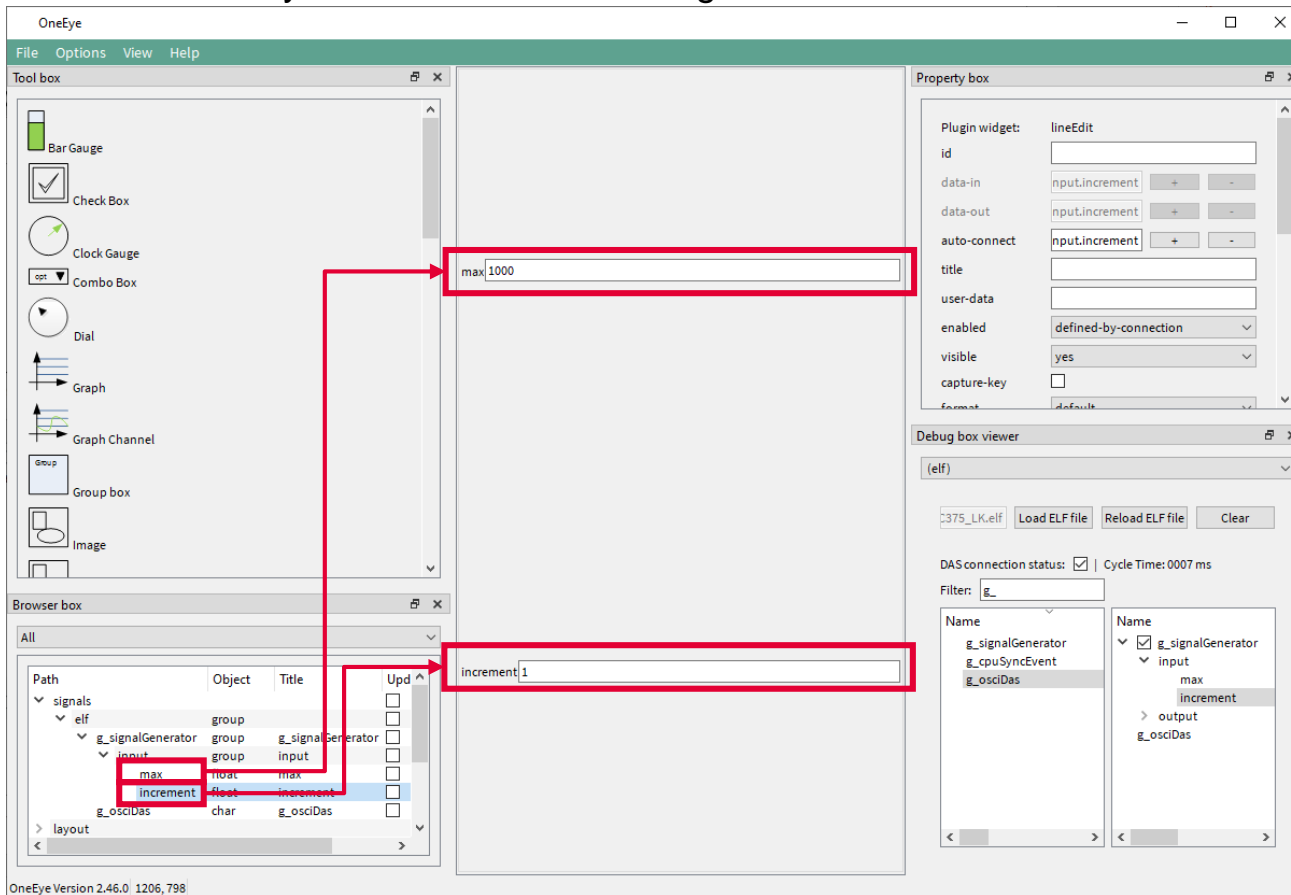
Path	Object	Title
signals		
elf	group	
g_osciDas	char	g_osciDas
g_signalGenerator	group	g_signalGenerator
input	group	input
max	float	max
increment	float	increment
layout		
interface	interface.	
configuration		
debugBox		

The created signals should appear in the browser box under the “signals.elf” group

# Implementation - OneEye

## Create edit fields for the generator input parameters

Drag and drop the signals **elf.g\_signalGenerator.input.max** and **elf.g\_signalGenerator.input.increment** from the browser box onto the layout to create default widget for them.



# Implementation - OneEye

## Create the oscilloscope widget

Drag and drop the **oscilloscope** widget from the toolbox onto the layout, set the oscilloscope properties **data-in** and **data-out** to **elf.g\_osciDas**. Set the **protocol-type** property to **ProtocolDma**.

The screenshot displays the OneEye application interface with the following components and settings:

- Tool box:** The **Oscilloscope** widget is highlighted with a red box.
- Layout:** An oscilloscope widget is placed on the main canvas. Above it, the text "max 1000", "increment 1", and "g\_osciDas" is visible.
- Property box:** The configuration for the oscilloscope widget is shown. The following properties are highlighted with red boxes:
  - data-in:** elf.g\_osciDas
  - data-out:** elf.g\_osciDas
  - protocol-type:** ProtocolDma
- Control panel:** Includes a "Refresh State" button, a checked "Run" checkbox, "Triggered" status, "Buffer depth" (512), "Sampling interval" (1), "Sampling period (s)" (0.001), and "Time/Div" (1s/Div). A "Reset zoom" button is also present.
- Trigger settings:** "Single mode" is unchecked, "Trigger mode" is set to "Automatic", "Slope" is "Rising edge", "Channel" is "CH0: Signal A", and "Level" is 0.
- Browser box:** A tree view shows the object hierarchy:
 

Path	Object	Title	Upd
signals	group		
elf	group		
g_signalGenerator	group	g_signalGenerator	
input	group	input	
max	float	max	
increment	float	increment	
g_osciDas	char	g_osciDas	
layout			
- Debug box viewer:** Shows the selected object "elf" and a list of objects including "g\_signalGenerator", "g\_cpuSyncEvent", and "g\_osciDas".

# Implementation - OneEye

## Test the oscilloscope

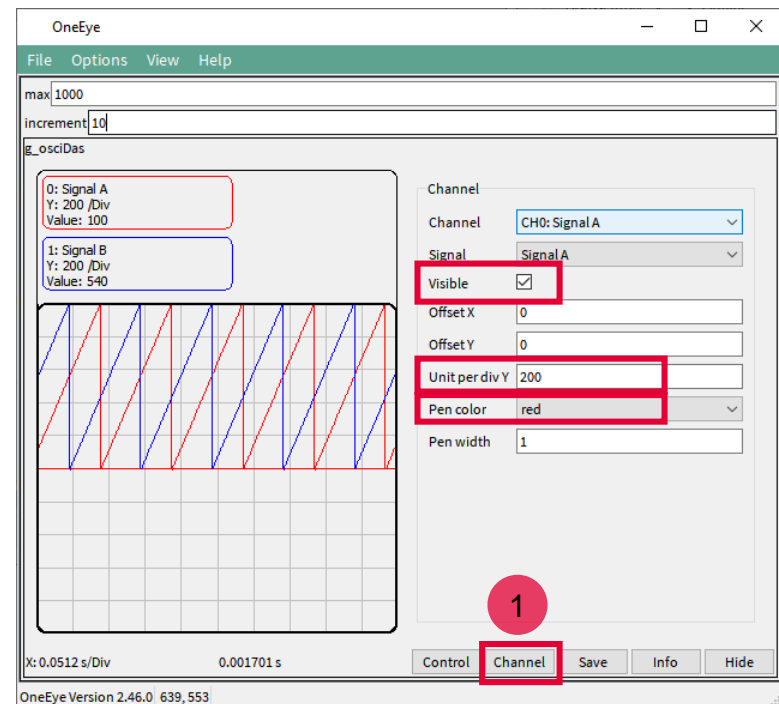
In the oscilloscope Channel tab, click on the Channel button **1** and check the **visible** check box for both **CH0: Signal A** and **CH1: Signal B** to display the two channels.

Set the **Unit per div Y** to **200** for both **CH0: Signal A** and **CH1: Signal B**.

Select the **Pen color red** for **CH0: Signal A** and **blue** for **CH1: Signal B**.

The values for **signalA** and **signalB** should be changing in the oscilloscope, if it is not the case check that the “**DAS connection status**” is checked in the debug box viewer.

One can change the **max** and **increment** values to change the generator behaviour.





# Implementation - OneEye

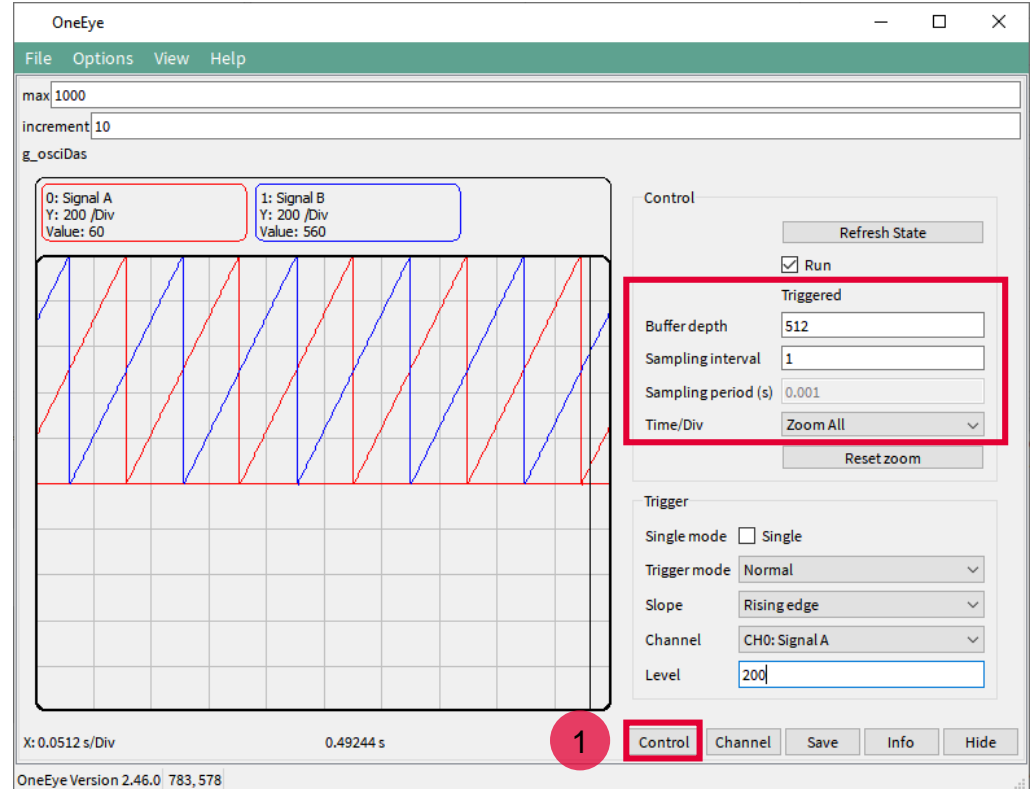
## Test the oscilloscope

The oscilloscope Control tab provides configuration for the trigger and information about the oscilloscope state (armed, triggered, uploading).

Click on the Control button **1** and set the **Time/Div** value to **Zoom All** to configure the horizontal scale to use the full screen of the oscilloscope window.

The **Buffer depth**, configures the oscilloscope buffer depth, here 512 points are used to fill the buffer. This value can be changed within the limit set by the software.

The **Sampling interval** provides the oscilloscope the information whether to sample at each interval (1) or not (>1)



# Implementation - OneEye

The final configuration should look like the following:

The screenshot displays the OneEye software interface with the following components:

- Tool box:** Contains various components like ImageBuffer, Label, Line Edit, Logger, Logger Channel, Mux-Demux, Named Pipe Client, Named Pipe Server, Oscilloscope, Oscilloscope Channel, and Plain Text Edit.
- Browser box:** Shows a tree view of the project structure:
 

Path	Object	Title	Upd
signals			
elf	group		
g_signalGenerator	group	g_signalGenerator	
input	group	input	
max	float	max	
increment	float	increment	
g_oscDas	char	g_oscDas	
- Signal Plot:** Shows two signals:
  - 0: Signal A (red line): Y: 200 /Div, Value: 621
  - 1: Signal B (blue line): Y: 200 /Div, Value: 120
- Control Panel:**
  - max: 1000
  - increment: 1
  - g\_oscDas
  - Buttons: Refresh State, Run (checked), Triggered
  - Buffer depth: 512
  - Sampling interval: 1
  - Sampling period (s): 0.001
  - Time/Div: Zoom All
  - Buttons: Reset zoom
- Trigger Panel:**
  - Single mode:  Single
  - Trigger mode: Automatic
  - Slope: Rising edge
  - Channel: CH0: Signal A
  - Level: 0
- Property box:**
  - Plugin widget: oscilloscope
  - id: [empty]
  - data-in: elf.g\_oscDas
  - data-out: elf.g\_oscDas
  - title: [empty]
  - user-data: [empty]
  - enabled: defined-by-connection
  - visible: yes
  - style-sheet: [empty]
  - legend-pos: top
  - division-x: 10
  - protocol-type: ProtocolDma
  - dma-refresh-period: 100
  - division-y: 10
- Debug box viewer:**
  - (elf)
  - Buttons: Load ELF file, Reload ELF file, Clear
  - DAS connection status:  | Cycle Time: 0006 ms
  - Filter: g\_
  - Name lists:
    - g\_signalGenerator
    - g\_cpuSyncEvent
    - g\_oscDas
    - g\_signalGenerator
    - input
    - max
- Status Bar:** X: 0.0512 s/Div, 0.00825806 s, Control, Channel, Save, Info, Hide

# Implementation - OneEye

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## Advanced options

Advanced configuration can be added to the file ***lfx\_Cfg.h*** to tune the oscilloscope capabilities, this includes:

- › ***IFX\_OSCI\_CFG\_MAX\_NUM\_OF\_SIGNALS***: the maximum number of signals that can be declared by the user
- › ***IFX\_OSCI\_CFG\_MAX\_NUM\_OF\_CHANNELS***: the maximum number of channels that can be buffered
- › ***IFX\_OSCI\_CFG\_NUM\_OF\_SAMPLES***: the maximum number of sample per channel

Note that the memory used by the oscilloscope is mainly defined by

***IFX\_OSCI\_CFG\_MAX\_NUM\_OF\_CHANNELS \* IFX\_OSCI\_CFG\_NUM\_OF\_SAMPLES \* 4***

Default values for the above mentioned macros are provided in ***Library/OneEye/lfx\_Osci\_Cfg.h***.

# References



- › AURIX™ Development Studio is available online:
- › <https://www.infineon.com/aurixdevelopmentstudio>
- › Use the „*Import...*“ function to get access to more code examples.



- › More code examples can be found on the GIT repository:
- › [https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX\\_code\\_examples](https://github.com/Infineon/AURIX_code_examples)



- › For additional trainings, visit our webpage:
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**Document reference**

**OneEye\_DAS\_Oscilloscope\_1**

**\_KIT\_TC234\_TFT**

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